

1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Manufacturer: Axalta Coating Systems, LLC
Applied Corporate Center
50 Applied Card Way, Suite 300
Glen Mills, PA 19342

Telephone: Product information: (855) 6-AXALTA
Medical emergency: (855) 274-5698
Transportation emergency: (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

Product: **DuPont® Thinners and Reducers**

DOT Shipping Name: See DOT Addendum.

Hazardous Materials Information: See Section 10.

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2. Composition/information on ingredients

INGREDIENTS	CAS #	VAPOR PRESSURE	EXPOSURE LIMITS
1,2,4-trimethyl benzene	95-63-6	7.0@44.4 °C	A 25.0 ppm, O 25.0 ppm
1,3,5-trimethyl benzene	108-67-8	None	A 25.0 ppm, O None
2,2,4-trimethylpentane	540-84-1	None	A 300.0 ppm, O 500.0 ppm
2,4-pentanedione	123-54-6	9.0	A 25.0 ppm Skin, D 5.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA, O None
2-hydroxyethyl ethers of cashew nutshell liquid	232268-65-4	None	A None, O None
4-chlorobenzotrifluoride	98-56-6	7.6@25.0 °C	D 20.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA, A None, O None
Acetone	67-64-1	247.0@68.0 °F	A 750.0 ppm 15 min STEL, A 500.0 ppm, O 1000.0 ppm, D 500.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA
Aliphatic hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	1.0	A 200.0 mg/m3 particulate Skin, O None
Aromatic hydrocarbon-A	64742-94-5	10.0	D 100.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA, A None, O None
Aromatic hydrocarbon-B	64742-95-6	10.0@25.0 °C	D 50.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA, A None, O None
Benzene, propyl-	103-65-1	None	A None, O None
Butanedioic acid, dimethyl ester	106-65-0	None	D 10.0 mg/m3, A None, O None
Butyl acetate	123-86-4	15.0	A 200.0 ppm 15 min STEL, A 150.0 ppm, O 150.0 ppm
Cashew of nutshell liquid	8007-24-7	None	A None, O None
Cumene	98-82-8	3.7	A 50.0 ppm, O 50.0 ppm Skin
Dimethyl glutarate	1119-40-0	0.2	D 10.0 mg/m3 8 & 12 hour TWA, A None, O None
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	100.0	A 400.0 ppm, O 400.0 ppm
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	9.5	A 20.0 ppm, O 100.0 ppm, D 25.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	111-76-2	0.6	A 20.0 ppm, O 50.0 ppm Skin, D 20.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate	112-07-2	0.3	A 20.0 ppm, D 20.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA, O None
Heptane	142-82-5	45.0@66.0 °F	A 500.0 ppm 15 min STEL, A 400.0 ppm, O 500.0 ppm
Hexanedioic acid, dimethyl ester	627-93-0	None	D 10.0 mg/m3 8 & 12 hour TWA, A None, O None
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum)	64742-48-9	0.3@68.0 °F	A 100.0 ppm, O 500.0 ppm, D 100.0 ppm
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	60.2	A None, O None
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	71.2	A 300.0 ppm 15 min STEL, A 200.0 ppm, O 200.0 ppm, D 300.0 ppm 15 min TWA, D 200.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA
N-butyl alcohol	71-36-3	6.0@68.0 °F	A 20.0 ppm, O 100.0 ppm, D 50.0 ppm 15 min TWA, D 25.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA
Naphthalene	91-20-3	1.0@52.6 °C	A 15.0 ppm CEIL Skin, A 10.0 ppm Skin, O 10.0 ppm, D 0.1 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	108-65-6	3.8	D 30.0 ppm 15 min TWA, A None, O None
Silicone resin	9016-00-6	7.0	A None, O None
Toluene	108-88-3	22.0	A 20.0 ppm, O 300.0 ppm CEIL, O 500.0 ppm 10 min TWA, O 200.0 ppm, D 50.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA Skin
Vm&p naphtha	8032-32-4	17.9@68.0 °F	A 300.0 ppm, D 100.0 ppm, O None
Xylene	1330-20-7	8.0@25.0 °C	A 150.0 ppm 15 min STEL, A 100.0 ppm, O 100.0 ppm, D 100.0 ppm 8 & 12 hour TWA

*A=ACGIH, O=OSHA, D=DuPont, S=Suppliers. Limits are 8 hour TWA unless otherwise specified. Vapor pressure @ 20° C unless otherwise noted. D=DuPont, Results obtained from E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Company.

3. Hazards identification

Potential Health Effects:

Inhalation:

May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause nervous system depression, characterized by the following progressive steps: headache, dizziness, nausea, staggering gait, confusion, unconsciousness. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. If this product contains or is mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener, the following health effects may apply: Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. Symptoms include an asthma-like reaction with shortness of breath, wheezing, cough or permanent lung sensitization. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with lung or breathing problems or prior reactions to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product.

Ingestion:

May result in gastrointestinal distress.

Skin or eye contact:

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis.

Other Potential Health Effects in addition to those listed above:

2,4-pentanedione

2,4-pentanedione, a component of this product, is regulated by the U.S. EPA, under a significant new use rule. It is a violation of federal law to sell or use this product in consumer applications, including to private individuals, schools, and vocational schools. Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Repeated exposures to high concentrations has caused adverse health effects in laboratory animals. These effects involved the central nervous system, immune system, and the red blood cell forming system. No effect was seen at 100 ppm. The odor is disagreeable at a few ppm. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause any of the following: skin sensitization. Skin or eye contact may cause any of the following: irritation. Overexposure of this substance may cause effects on any of the following organs/systems: central nervous system, lungs, upper respiratory system, thymus.

4-chlorobenzotrifluoride

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: skin. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: kidneys, liver, thyroid. Potential skin sensitizer that may cause allergic reactions and contact dermatitis resulting in severe irritation, dryness, and cracking of the skin. Ingestion may cause any of the following: gastrointestinal irritation. Eye contact may cause any of the following: permanent eye injury. Inhalation may cause any of the following: stupor (central nervous system depression), respiratory tract irritation.

Acetone

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: lung disease, eye disorders, skin disorders. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, central nervous system, eyes, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin.

Aliphatic hydrocarbon

Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

Aromatic hydrocarbon-A

Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

Aromatic hydrocarbon-B

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: skin disorders. Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

Butyl acetate

May cause abnormal liver function. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: respiratory system. Tests for embryotoxic activity in animals has been inconclusive. Rats exposed to very high airborne levels have exhibited high frequency hearing deficits. The significance of this to man is unknown. Has been toxic to the fetus in laboratory animals at doses that are toxic to the mother.

Cumene

WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ethyl acetate

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: eyes, respiratory system, skin. Tests in laboratory animals have shown effects on any of the following organs/systems: blood, kidneys, liver.

Ethylbenzene

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. Studies in laboratory animals have shown reproductive, embryotoxic and developmental effects. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: bone marrow, central nervous system, eyes, gastrointestinal system, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin. May cause injury to the kidneys, liver, blood and/or bone marrow. Repeated overexposure may result in damage to the blood. Eye contact may cause corneal injury. If absorbed through the skin, may be: harmful.

Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate

May destroy red blood cells. May cause abnormal kidney function. May cause temporary upper respiratory and/or lung irritation with cough, difficult breathing, or shortness of breath. The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: central nervous system, gastrointestinal system, kidneys, liver, dermatitis. Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Overexposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: blood, kidneys, liver. Ingestion may cause headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and drowsiness.

Heptane

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, respiratory system, skin. May cause central nervous system effects such as dizziness, headache, nausea, and loss of consciousness. Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors. Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage.

Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum)

Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates can cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs, or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase of kidney damage or an increase in kidney or liver tumors.

Isopropyl alcohol

The following medical conditions may be aggravated by exposure: dermatitis, respiratory disease. Developmental toxicity was seen in rat's offspring at doses that were maternally toxic. Contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort or rash. Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Contact will cause moderate to severe redness and swelling, itching, tingling sensation, painful burning. May cause injury to the cornea of the eyes. Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: liver. Ingestion studies on laboratory animals showed that very high oral doses caused increased liver and kidney weights. Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage. May cause central nervous system depression with headache, stupor, uncoordinated or strange behavior, or unconsciousness. Irritating to the mouth, throat and stomach. May cause irritation of the respiratory tract, experienced as nasal discomfort and discharge, coughing and possibly accompanied by chest pain. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation. Ingestion may cause headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and drowsiness. Swallowing significant amounts of substance could cause serious injury, even death.

Methyl ethyl ketone

Material is irritating to mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, eyes, respiratory system, skin. Prolonged or repeated overexposure may cause any of the following: conjunctivitis, dermatitis. High concentrations have caused embryotoxic effects in laboratory animals. Aspiration may occur during swallowing or vomiting, resulting in lung damage. Ingestion may cause headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, and drowsiness.

N-butyl alcohol

May cause abnormal blood forming function with anemia. Liquid splashes in the eye may result in chemical burns.

Naphthalene

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Tests in some laboratory animals demonstrate carcinogenic activity. Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: kidneys, liver. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate

Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury.

Toluene

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, respiratory system, skin. Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. High airborne levels have produced irregular heart beats in animals and occasional palpitations in humans. Rats exposed to very high airborne levels have exhibited high frequency hearing deficits. The significance of this to man is unknown. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Vm&p naphtha

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs, respiratory system, skin. This substance may cause damage to any of the following organs/systems: central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs, skin and eyes. Material may be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

Xylene

Increased susceptibility to the effects of this material may be observed in people with preexisting disease of any of the following: bone marrow, cardiovascular system, central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs. Recurrent overexposure may result in liver and kidney injury. High exposures may produce irregular heart beats. Canada classifies Xylene as a developmental toxin as high exposures to xylenes in some animal studies have been reported to cause health effects on the developing fetus/embryo. These effects were often at levels toxic to the adult animal. The significance of these effects to humans is not known. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause any of the following: irritation, dryness, cracking of the skin.

4. First aid measures

First Aid Procedures:

Inhalation:

If affected by inhalation of vapor or spray mist, move to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing difficulty persists, or occurs later, consult a physician.

Ingestion:

In the unlikely event of ingestion, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Call a physician immediately and have names of ingredients available.

Skin or eye contact:

In case of eye contact, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes; call a physician. In case of skin contact, wash thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation occurs, contact a physician.

5. Firefighting measures

Flash Point (Closed Cup):

See Section 11 for exact values.

Flammable Limits: LFL 0.5 % UFL 13.1 %

Extinguishing Media:

Universal aqueous film-forming foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical.

Fire Fighting Procedures:

Full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus, is recommended. Water from fog nozzles may be used to prevent pressure build-up.

Fire and Explosion Hazards:

For flammable liquids, vapor/air will ignite when an ignition source is present. In other cases, when heated above the flash point, emits flammable vapors which, when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive. Fine mists or sprays may be flammable at temperatures below the flash point.

6. Accidental release measures

Procedures for cleaning up spills or leaks:

Ventilate area. Remove sources of ignition. Prevent skin and eye contact and breathing of vapor. If material does not contain or is not mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener: Wear a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH approved TC-23C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Confine, remove with inert absorbent, and dispose of properly. If the material contains, or is mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener: Wear a positive-pressure, supplied-air respirator (NIOSH approved TC-19C), eye protection, gloves and protective clothing. Pour liquid decontamination solution over the spill and allow to sit at least 10 minutes. Typical decontamination solutions for isocyanate containing materials are: 20% Surfactant (Tergitol TMN 10) and 80% Water OR 0-10% Ammonia, 2-5% Detergent and Water (balance). Pressure can be generated. Do not seal waste containers for 48 hours to allow CO2 to vent. After 48 hours, material may be sealed and disposed of properly.

Ecological information:

There is no data available on the product. The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing:

Observe label precautions. If combustible (flashpoint between 38-93 deg C or 100 - 200 deg F), keep away from heat, sparks and flame. If flammable (flashpoint less than 38 deg C or 100 deg F), also keep away from static discharges and other sources of ignition. If material is extremely flammable (flashpoint less than - 8 deg C or 20 deg F) or flammable, VAPORS MAY IGNITE EXPLOSIVELY OR CAUSE FLASH FIRE, respectively. Vapors may spread long distances. Prevent buildup of vapors. Close container after each use. Ground containers when pouring. Wash thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Do not store above 49 deg C or 120 deg F. If product is waterbased, do not freeze.

Other precautions:

If material is a coating: do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH approved air purifying respirator with particulate filters or appropriate ventilation, and gloves. Combustible dust clouds may be created where operations produce fine material (dust). Avoid formation of significant deposits of material as they may become airborne and form combustible dust clouds. Handling and processing operations should be conducted in accordance with best practices (e.g.NFPA-654).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ventilation:

Provide sufficient ventilation in volume and pattern to keep contaminants below applicable exposure limits.

Respiratory protection:

Do not breathe vapors or mists. If this product contains isocyanates or is used with an isocyanate activator/hardener, wear a positive-pressure, supplied- air respirator (NIOSH approved TC-19C) during spray application (or brush and roll application in poorly ventilated areas) and until all vapors and spray mist are exhausted. For mixing and brush and roll application in well ventilated areas or, if the product does not contain or is not mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener, a properly fitted air-purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridges (NIOSH TC-23C) may be used until all vapors are exhausted. In addition, for spray application when product does not contain or is not mixed with an isocyanate activator/hardener, a particulate filter (NIOSH TC-84A) is needed with the organic vapor cartridges until all vapors and spray mist are exhausted. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. Do not permit anyone without protection in the painting area. Individuals with history of lung or breathing problems or prior reaction to isocyanates should not use or be exposed to vapor or spray mist if product contains or is mixed with isocyanate activators/hardeners.

Protective equipment:

Personal protective equipment should be worn to prevent contact with eyes, skin or clothing.

Skin and body protection:

Neoprene gloves and coveralls are recommended.

Desirable in all industrial situations. Goggles are preferred to prevent eye irritation. If safety glasses are substituted, include splash guard or side shields.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate	Slower than Ether
Water solubility	NIL
Vapour density	Heavier than air
Approx. Boiling Range (°C)	56 – 200 °C
Approx. Freezing Range (°C)	-95 – -65 °C
Gallon Weight (lbs/gal)	6.36754 - 11.1495
Specific Gravity	0.76 - 1.34
Percent Volatile By Volume	54.53 - 100.00
Percent Volatile By Weight	31.94 - 100.00
Percent Solids By Volume	0.00 - 45.47
Percent Solids By Weight	0.00 - 50.00

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability:

Stable

Incompatibility (materials to avoid):

None reasonably foreseeable

Hazardous decomposition products:

CO, CO₂, smoke, and oxides of any heavy metals that are reported in "Composition, Information on Ingredients" section.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Will not occur.

Sensitivity to Static Discharge:

For flammable materials (flashpoint less than 38 deg C or 100 deg F) and combustibles (flashpoint between 38- 93 deg C or 100-200 deg F) if heated above the flashpoint, solvent vapors in air may explode if static grounding and bonding is not used during transfer of this product.

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact:

None known.

11. Additional Information

3924S™ Acetone(30.6%), Heptane(32.6%), Isopropyl alcohol(13.2%), Toluene(22.6%*[@]) **GAL WT: 6.44 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 6.44 VOC LE: 6.4 VOC AP: 4.5 FLASH POINT: Below 20 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

3979S™ Aliphatic hydrocarbon(8.0%), Aromatic hydrocarbon-A(6.2%), Cumene(0.1%*[@]), Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate(29.7%*[@]), Naphthalene(0.5%*[@]), Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate(54.7%) **GAL WT: 7.78 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.78 VOC LE: 7.8 VOC AP: 7.8 FLASH POINT: 100 °F - 141 °F H: 2 F: 2 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: II TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

68083™ Ethylbenzene(10.0%*[@]), Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate(49.5%*[@]), Xylene(39.7%*[@]) **GAL WT: 7.53 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.53 VOC LE: 7.5 VOC AP: 7.5 FLASH POINT: 73 °F to below 100 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IC TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

9M01™ 4-chlorobenzotrifluoride(99.0%) **GAL WT: 11.15 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 11.15 VOC LE: 0.0 VOC AP: 0.0 FLASH POINT: 100 °F - 141 °F H: 1 F: 2 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: II TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

9M02™ 2,4-pentanedione(15.4%), 4-chlorobenzotrifluoride(83.7%) **GAL WT: 10.55 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 10.55 VOC LE: 8.1 VOC AP: 1.6 FLASH POINT: 100 °F - 141 °F H: 2 F: 2 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: II TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

9M05™ 4-chlorobenzotrifluoride(93.1%), Silicone resin(1.5%), Xylene(4.5%*[@]) **GAL WT: 10.85 WT PCT SOLIDS: 1.50 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 1.77 SOLVENT DENSITY: 10.88 VOC LE: 5.7 VOC AP: 0.5 FLASH POINT: 73 °F to below 100 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IC TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

RT001P™ Butanedioic acid, dimethyl ester(5.9%), Dimethyl glutarate(18.3%), Hexanedioic acid, dimethyl ester(5.3%), Methyl ethyl ketone(68.6%) **GAL WT: 7.24 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.92 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.95 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.24 VOC LE: 7.2 VOC AP: 7.2 FLASH POINT: Below 20 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

RT002P™ Ethylbenzene(18.8%*[@]), Silicone resin(1.5%), Xylene(79.2%*[@]) **GAL WT: 7.24 WT PCT SOLIDS: 1.50 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 1.18 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.22 VOC LE: 7.1 VOC AP: 7.1 FLASH POINT: 73 °F to below 100 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IC TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

T-0475™ Acetone(29.5%), Butyl acetate(18.6%), Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether(2.5%*), Heptane(18.2%), Isopropyl alcohol(8.3%), Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate(1.4%), Toluene(20.9%*[@]) **GAL WT: 6.73 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 6.73 VOC LE: 6.8 VOC AP: 4.7 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

T-1021™ Acetone(100.0%) **GAL WT: 6.61 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 6.61 VOC LE: 0.0 VOC AP: 0.0 FLASH POINT: Below 20 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

T-1022™ 4-chlorobenzotrifluoride(59.5%), Acetone(39.9%) **GAL WT: 8.75 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 8.75 VOC LE: 0.0 VOC AP: 0.0 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

T-1025™ 2-hydroxyethyl ethers of cashew nutshell liquid(49.0%), Acetone(50.0%), Cashew of nutshell liquid(1.0%) **GAL WT: 7.21 WT PCT SOLIDS: 50.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 45.47 SOLVENT DENSITY: 6.61 VOC LE: 0.0 VOC AP: 0.0 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 1 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

T-6013™ Ethylbenzene(16.7%*[@]), Isopropyl alcohol(2.6%), Methyl ethyl ketone(11.3%), Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate(2.5%), Xylene(66.5%*[@]) **GAL WT: 7.15 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.15 VOC LE: 7.2 VOC AP: 7.2 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

T-8054™ 1,2,4-trimethyl benzene(29.9%*), 1,3,5-trimethyl benzene(6.8%), Aromatic hydrocarbon-B(47.1%), Benzene, propyl-(3.6%), Cumene(1.6%*[@]), N-butyl alcohol(9.4%*), Xylene(1.6%*[@]) **GAL WT: 7.24 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.25 VOC LE: 7.2 VOC AP: 7.2 FLASH POINT: 73 °F to below 100 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IC TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

T-8805™ Ethylbenzene(19.7%*[@]), Heptane(1.2%), Xylene(78.3%*[@]) **GAL WT: 7.19 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.20 VOC LE: 7.2 VOC AP: 7.2 FLASH POINT: 73 °F to below 100 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IC TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: YES**

T-Y-3810™ 2,2,4-trimethylpentane(1.2%*[@]), Heptane(16.5%), Methyl ethyl ketone(12.1%), Toluene(14.0%*[@]), Vm&p naphtha(55.2%) **GAL WT: 6.37 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 6.37 VOC LE: 6.4 VOC AP: 6.4 FLASH POINT: 20 °F to below 73 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

TY3819™ Aliphatic hydrocarbon(68.0%), Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum)(29.7%) **GAL WT: 6.51 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 6.51 VOC LE: 6.5 VOC AP: 6.5 FLASH POINT: 100 °F - 141 °F H: 2 F: 2 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: II TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

Y32035™ Ethyl acetate(1.5%), Methyl ethyl ketone(98.5%) **GAL WT: 6.67 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 6.67 VOC LE: 6.7 VOC AP: 6.7 FLASH POINT: Below 20 °F H: 2 F: 3 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IB TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

Y32401™ Ethylbenzene(0.3%*[@]), Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate(97.6%*[@]), Xylene(1.2%*[@]) **GAL WT: 7.85 WT PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 VOL PCT SOLIDS: 0.00 SOLVENT DENSITY: 7.85 VOC LE: 7.9 VOC AP: 7.9 FLASH POINT: 141 °F - 200 °F H: 2 F: 2 R: 0 OSHA STORAGE: IIIA TSCA STATUS: In Compliance PHOTOCHEMICALLY REACTIVE: NO**

Footnotes:

TSCA: in compliance In compliance with TSCA Inventory requirements for commercial purposes.

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer.

NTP National Toxicology Program.

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

PNOR Particles not otherwise regulated.

PNOC Particles not otherwise classified.

STEL Short term exposure limit.

TWA Time-weighted average.

* VOC less exempt (theoretical) and VOC as packaged (theoretical) are based upon the VOC of the packaged material at the point of manufacture.

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* = Section 313 Supplier Notification: These chemicals are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency planning and Right-to-Know act of 1986 and of 40 CFR 372.

@ = Listed as a Clean Air Act Hazardous Air Pollutant.

= EPCRA Section 302 - Extremely hazardous substances.

Notice:

The information on this Material Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.

Product Manager: Refinish Sales

Prepared by: Y. B. Yarbrough