

# Material Safety Data Sheet



Machine Chlorinated Detergent

## 1. Product and company identification

Product name	:	Machine Chlorinated Detergent
Supplier	:	RD Enterprises 15-24 132nd Street College Point, NY 11356 718-939-6400
Code	:	241 RD
MSDS #	:	241 RD
Validation date	:	6/1/2012.
Print date	:	6/1/2012.
<u>In case of emergency</u>	:	800-424-9300
Product type	:	Liquid.

## 2. Hazards identification

### Emergency overview

Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Yellow. [Light]
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Signal word	:	WARNING!
Hazard statements	:	CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.
Precautionary measures	:	Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling.
OSHA/HCS status	:	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Routes of entry	:	Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation	:	Harmful by inhalation.
Ingestion	:	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin	:	Severely irritating to the skin.
Eyes	:	Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.

### Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects	:	Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.
Carcinogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Target organs	:	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea, stomach.
Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure	:	Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
Sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	10 - 20
Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active	7681-52-9	1 - 5
sodium chloride	7647-14-5	1 - 5
2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid	37971-36-1	0.1 - 1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### 4. First aid measures

<b>Eye contact</b>	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water.
<b>Skin contact</b>	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Inhalation</b>	Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
<b>Protection of first-aiders</b>	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
<b>Notes to physician</b>	: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Flammability of the product</b>	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
<b>Extinguishing media</b>	
<b>Suitable</b>	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
<b>Not suitable</b>	: None known.
<b>Special exposure hazards</b>	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
<b>Hazardous thermal decomposition products</b>	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
<b>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</b>	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

**Methods for cleaning up**

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

**Handling** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from acids. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Separate from acids. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
Sodium hydroxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). C: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). CEIL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s).
Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active	AIHA WEEL (United States, 5/2010). STEL: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minute(s).
2-phosphonobutane-1,2,4-tricarboxylic acid	AIHA WEEL (United States, 5/2010). TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). Form: Aerosol

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<b>Engineering measures</b>	: No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
<b>Personal protection</b>	
<b>Respiratory</b>	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
<b>Hands</b>	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. >8 hours (breakthrough time): butyl rubber
<b>Eyes</b>	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. Recommended: splash goggles
<b>Skin</b>	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Recommended: safety apron
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
<b>Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)</b>	: 

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	: Liquid.
<b>Flash point</b>	: Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F)
<b>Color</b>	: Yellow. [Light]
<b>Odor</b>	: Characteristic.
<b>pH</b>	: 13 to 13.9
<b>Relative density</b>	: 1.1794
<b>Solubility</b>	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	: No specific data.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: acids
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
sodium chloride	LD50 Oral	Rat	3000 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Sodium hydroxide	Eyes - Severe irritant	Monkey	-	24 hours 1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 Percent	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 1 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 2 Percent	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	1.31 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
sodium chloride					

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitizer

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active	-	3	-	-	-	-

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Sodium hydroxide	Acute EC50 40.38 mg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate - <24 hours	48 hours
Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active	Acute LC50 125000 ug/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 56 mg/L Marine water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult Fish - Poecilia reticulata - Young - 3 to 4 weeks Algae - Gracilaria tenuistipitata	96 hours 96 hours
sodium chloride	Acute EC50 46000 ug/L Marine water Acute LC50 56400 ug/L Marine water Acute LC50 32 ug/L Fresh water Acute LC50 32 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio Daphnia - Daphnia magna - <24 hours Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Algae - Navicula seminulum	4 days 48 hours 48 hours 96 hours
	Acute EC50 2430000 ug/L Fresh water Acute EC50 402600 ug/L Fresh water Acute LC50 1042 mg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 1000000 ug/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 0.314 g/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 100 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - <24 hours Fish - Morone saxatilis - Larvae Daphnia - Daphnia pulex Fish - Gambusia holbrooki - Adult	48 hours 48 hours 96 hours 21 days 8 weeks

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Persistence/degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 13. Disposal considerations

### **Waste disposal**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.**

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

## 14. Transport information

## 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>DOT Classification</b>	1760	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active)	8	II		-
<b>TDG Classification</b>	1760	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active)	8	II		-
<b>Mexico Classification</b>	1760	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active)	8	II		-
<b>ADR/RID Class</b>	1760	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active)	8	II		<u>Tunnel code</u> (E)
<b>IMDG Class</b>	1760	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active)	8	II		-
<b>IATA-DGR Class</b>	1760	Corrosive liquid, n.o.s. (Sodium hydroxide, Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active)	8	II		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15. Regulatory information

<b>HCS Classification</b>	: Irritating material Target organ effects
<b>U.S. Federal regulations</b>	: <b>TSCA 8(a) IUR Exempt/Partial exemption:</b> Not determined <b>United States inventory (TSCA 8b):</b> All components are listed or exempted.  <b>SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances:</b> No products were found. <b>SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification:</b> No products were found. <b>SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals:</b> Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active; Sodium hydroxide; sodium chloride <b>SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:</b> Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active: Immediate (acute) health hazard; Sodium hydroxide: Immediate (acute) health hazard; sodium chloride: Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard  <b>Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:</b> Sodium hydroxide; Sodium hypochlorite solution Cl active
<b>Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)</b>	: Not listed
<b>Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances</b>	: Not listed
<b>Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances</b>	: Not listed

## 15. Regulatory information

**DEA List I Chemicals** : Not listed

**(Precursor Chemicals)**

**DEA List II Chemicals** : Not listed

**(Essential Chemicals)**

### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: SODIUM HYDROXIDE; SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE

**New York** : The following components are listed: Sodium hydroxide; Sodium hypochlorite

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: SODIUM HYDROXIDE; CAUSTIC SODA; SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE; HYPOCHLOROUS ACID, SODIUM SALT

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: SODIUM HYDROXIDE (NA(OH)); HYPOCHLOROUS ACID, SODIUM SALT

### **Canada inventory**

: All components are listed or exempted.

### International regulations

**International lists** : **Australia inventory (AICS)**: All components are listed or exempted.

**China inventory (IECSC)**: All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan inventory**: Not determined.

**Korea inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.

**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: All components are listed or exempted.

**Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: All components are listed or exempted.

### **Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals**

: Not listed

### **Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals**

: Not listed

### **Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals**

: Not listed

## 16. Other information

**Label requirements** : CAUSES EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	*	2
Flammability		1
Physical hazards		0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

**National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)** :

## 16. Other information



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

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**Prepared by** : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.